Immediate Notification: Douglas Co. (402) 444-7214, after hrs: (402) 444-7000
Lancaster Co. (402) 441-8053, after hrs (402) 440-1817 All Other Counties: (402) 471-2937
Nebraska Public Health Laboratory Specimen Collection/Packaging & Shipping Questions (402) 559-9444

	Labs- automated ELR		Labs reporting manually		Healthcare providers	
	mmediate	nin 7 S	mmediate	nin 7 S	mmediate	nin 7 S
Condition	ii.	within days	Ē	within days	Ë L	within <sup>·</sup> days
Acinetobacter spp. infection (all species)		х				
Carbapenem-Resistant Acinetobacter baumannii		Х				
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS), as described in 173 NAC 1-						
005.01C2 Adenovirus infection		X		Х		X
Aeromonas spp. infection		X X				
Amebae-associated infection (Acanthamoeba spp, Entamoeba histolytica,		^				
and Naegleria fowleri)		х		x		x
Anthrax (Bacillus anthracis) *^	х		х		х	
Arboviral infections (including, but not limited to, West Nile virus, St. Louis						
encephalitis virus, Western Equine encephalitis virus, Chikungunya virus, Rift						
Valley fever virus, Zika and Dengue virus) ^		X		Х		Х
Astrovirus infection Babesiosis ( <i>Babesia</i> species)		X X		Х		x
Botulism (Clostridium botulinum) *^	x	^	x	^	x	^
Brucellosis (Brucella abortus ^, B. melitensis ^, and B. suis *^)	x		x		x	
Campylobacteriosis (Campylobacter species) Do not forward to NPHL for						
banking or subtyping unless requested		x		x		х
Candidosis Candida auris *** (may misidentify on Maldi, Vitek, MicroScan,						
Rapid Yeast Plus)	x		x		x	
Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriales infection (suspected or confirmed)						
^ (Not to include <i>Proteus</i> or <i>Providencia spp. or</i> Morganella morganii)	X	· ·	X	· ·	X	· ·
Carbon monoxide poisoning (Use break point for non-smokers) Chancroid ( <i>Haemophilus ducreyi</i> ) ±		X		x x		X
Chikungunya virus		X X		X		X
Chlamydophila pneumoniae infection (Chlamydia)		X		^		
Chlamydia trachomatis infections (nonspecific urethritis, cervicitis, salpingitis,						
neonatal conjunctivitis, pneumonia) ±		х		х		х
Cholera (Vibrio cholerae) ^	X		x		х	
Citrobacter spp. infection		х				
Coccidiodomycosis (Coccidioides immitis/posadasii)	X		Х		Х	
Coronavirus infection (Not MERS)  Clostridium difficile infection (antibiotic-associated colitis and		Х				
pseudomembranous colitis)		x		x		x
Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (transmissible spongiform encephalopathy		Α		X		
[14-3-3 protein from CSF or any laboratory analysis of brain tissue						
suggestive of CJD])		х		х		x
Cryptosporidiosis ^		Х		х		Х
Cyclosporiasis ^		Х		Х		Х
Dengue fever	v	X	v	X	· ·	X
Diphtheria (Corynebacterium diphtheriae)  Eastern equine encephalitis (EEE virus) *^	X		X		X	
Ebola virus disease, suspected *^	x		x		X	
Ehrlichiosis, human granulocytic ( <i>Anaplasma phagocytophila</i> )		х		х		х
Ehrlichiosis, human monocytic (Ehrlichia chaffeenis)		Х		Х		Х
Encephalitis (caused by viral agents)		х		х		х
Entamoeba histolytica infection		х		х		х
Enterobacter spp. infection, all isolates		X				
Enterocococcus spp. infection, all isolates Enterovirus infection		X X				
Escherichia coli gastroenteritis (E. coli O157-H7^ and other Shigatoxin-		^				
postive <i>E. coli</i> from gastrointestinal infection, Enteroaggregative <i>E. coli</i> ,						
Enteropathogenic <i>E. coli</i> , Enterotoxigenic <i>E. coli</i> , <i>Shigella /</i> Enteroinvasive						
E. coli) ^		x		x		х
Escherichia coli infection, non-gastrointestinal		х				
Food-poisoning, outbreak-associated	X		X		x	
Giardiasis (Giardia lamblia) Do not forward to NPHL for banking or subtyping unless requested.		v		v		,
Glanders [Burkholderia (Pseudomonas) mallei] *^	x	Х	Y	Х	x	X
Glanders [Barkirolderia   Feddomorias) mailer]	^		^		lv.	

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	Labs- automated ELR		Labs reporting manually		Healthcare providers	
	mmediate	_	mmediate	7	mmediate	_
<b>2</b> 1141	peu	within 7 days	peu	within	peu	il s
Condition	im	with day	Ē	with day	Ē	within
Gonorrhea (Neisseria gonorrhoeae): venereal infection and ophthalmia						
neonatorum ±		х		х		х
Haemophilus influenzae infection (sterile site only) ^ Hansen's Disease [Leprosy (Mycobacterium leprae)]	X	X	X	v	X	v
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome (Sin Nombre virus)	x	^	×	^	x	^
Hemolytic uremic syndrome (post-diarrheal illness)	X		x		x	
Hepatitis A infection (IgM antibody-positive or clinically diagnosed during an						
outbreak)	X		X		х	
Hepatitis B infection (positive surface antigen tests, e antigen tests, and all IgM core antibody tests, both positive and negative). For new Hepatitis B						
positive tests in pregnant women call DHHS epidemiology at 402 471-2937;						
otherwise within 24 hours by ELR is sufficient. ±	x		x		x	
Hepatitis C infection (all positive screening tests [e.g. EIA, ELISA, etc] to						
include signal-to-cutoff ratio [S:CO] are reportable; all confirmatory tests [e.g.,						
RIBA, NAT tests such as PCR for qualitative, quantitative and genotype						
testing] are reportable regardless of result [i.e., both positive and negatives		v		v		l <sub>v</sub>
tests]) Hepatitis D infection		X X		X X		x
Hepatitis E infection	х	^	x	^	x	^
Herpes simplex, primary genital infection ±		Х		х		х
Histoplasmosis (Histoplasma capsulatum)		х		х		х
Human immunodeficiency virus infection, as described in 173 NAC 1-						
005.01C2, Type 1 and suspected cases of HIV Type 2 ±		х		х		х
Human Metapneumovirus infection Human Rhinovirus infection		X				
Influenza due to novel or pandemic strains (includes highly pathogenic		Х				
avian influenza virus) *^	×		×		x	
Influenza deaths, pediatric (<20 years of age)		х		х		х
Influenza detected outside of flu season		Х				
Influenza (all tests positive and negative, including subtype if available) - ELR						
laboratories only		X				
Influenza, rapid test summary report (laboratories only) Kawasaki disease (mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome)		X X		x x		x
Klebsiella spp. infection		X		^		^
Lassa fever virus *^	х	^	х		х	
Lead poisoning (all analytical values for blood lead analysis must be						
reported)		х		х		х
Legionellosis (Legionella spp)		X		X		X
Leptospirosis ( <i>Leptospira interrogans</i> ) Listeriosis ( <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ) ^		X		X		X
Lyme disease (Borrelia burgdorferi)		X		X		x
Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus infection		x		x		x
Lymphogranuloma venereum [LGV (Chlamydia trachomatis)] ±		Х		Х		х
Marburg virus disease, suspected ^	x		x		x	
Malaria (Plasmodium spp.)		х		х		х
Measles (Rubeola)  Melioidosis [Burkholderia (Pseudomonas) pseudomallei] *^	X		X		X X	
Meningitis (Haemophilus influenzae or Neisseria meningitidis) ^	X		×		X	
and the state of t						
Meningitis, including viral, bacterial, and fungal (all such cases must be						
reported within seven days except those caused by Haemophilus influenzae						
and Neisseria meningitidis, which must be reported immediately)		х		х		х
Meningococcal disease ( <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> , <i>sterile sites only</i> ) ^ Methemoglobinemia/nitrate poisoning (methemoglobin greater than 5% of total	X		X		X	
Methemoglobinemia/nitrate poisoning (methemoglobin greater than 5% of total hemoglobin)		х		x		x
Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (suspected or confirmed MERS-CoV) ^	x		x		x	
Mpox virus infection	X		X		X	
Mumps		х		х		х
Mycobacterium spp, invasive infection (including M. tuberculosis complex						
and atypical Mycobacterium spp. associated with invasive disease) Send only		v		~		v
MTB complex or slow growing MAI group to NPHL ^  Mycoplasma pneumoniae infection		X		^		^
Necrotizing fasciitis		X		Х		х
	II.	1	II	<u> ^</u>		ı. <b>.</b>

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	Labs- automated ELR		Labs reporting manually		Healthcare providers	
		matou ELIX		g manually		PICTION
	mmediate	_	mmediate	_	mmediate	7
O a malitia m	ned	within 7 days	ned	within	ned	within days
Condition	imr	witl da)	ï.	witl da)	im	witl da)
Norovirus infection (laboratories only - forward to NPHL if outbreak						
associated or as requested)		X		Х		
Parainfluenza (all types) Pertussis [whooping cough (Bordetella pertussis)] ^	v	Х	v		~	
Plague (Yersinia pestis) *^	×		×		x	
Pleisiomonas shigelloides infection		х				
Poisoning or illness due to exposure to agricultural chemicals (pesticides,						
herbicides, fertilizers, etc.)		х		х		х
Poisoning or illness due to exposure to heavy metals (mercury, arsenic,						
beryllium, cadmium, chromium, etc.) Poisoning or illness due to exposure to industrial chemicals		X X		X		X
Poisoning or illness due to exposure to industrial chemicals  Poisoning or illness due to exposure to radiologic exposures		X		X		X
Poliomyelitis paralytic	х	Α	x	X	x	X
Psittacosis (Chlamydophila [Chlamydia] psittaci)		х		х		х
Pseudomonas aeruginosa		х				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa (non-mucoid isolates resistant to carbapenems						
other than ertapenem from non-cystic fibrosis patients)	X		X		X	
Q fever (Coxiella burnetii) *^ Rabies (human and animal cases and suspects)	X		X		X	
Respiratory syncytial virus (all tests positive and negative)	Χ	Х	Χ		X	
Retrovirus infections (other than HIV)		x		х		х
Rheumatic fever, acute (cases meeting the Jones criteria only)		х		x		x
Rhinovirus infection		х				
Ricin poisoning *^	x		x		х	
Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (Rickettsia rickettsii)		Х		Х		Х
Rotavirus gastroenteritis Rubella and congenital rubella syndrome	v	Х	v		v	
Salmonella spp infection, including <i>S.typhi</i> (Salmonella serogroups) ^	X	x	X	Y	X	Y
Saprovirus infection		X		^		^
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome [SARS (SARS-associated coronavirus)]						
^	x		x		x	
Shiga toxin positive gastroenteritis (enterhemorrhagic E. coli and other shiga						
toxin-producing bacteria) ^		Х		Х		Х
Shigella spp. Infection ^ (Forward all species except S.sonnei or isolates requiring serogrouping to NPHL. Notify NPHL if speciated as S. dysenteriae						
for special shipping requirements)		x		v		v
Smallpox *^	х	X	x	A	x	^
Staphylococcal enterotoxin B intoxication*	х		х		х	
Staphylococcus aureus infection (all isolates)		Х				
Staphylococcus aureus infection, vancomycin-intermediate/resistant						
(MIC>=4mg/mL)	Х		х		х	
Streptococcal disease (all invasive disease caused by Groups A and B						
Streptococci) Streptococcus pneumoniae infection (all sterile sites)	v	Х	×	X	<b>v</b>	X
Streptococcus pneumoniae infection (all isolates other than sterile sites)	^	х	^		^	
Syphilis ( <i>Treponema pallidum</i> ) RPR reactive and any FTA or other		Λ				
confirmatory test result whether positive or negative; if an EIA is performed						
first then the follow up RPR results either positive or negative must be						
reported.		х		х		х
Syphilis, congenital		X		X		X
Tetanus (Clostridium tetani) Tick-borne encephalitis, virus complexes (Central European Tick-borne		Х		Х		Х
encephalitis virus, Far Eastern Tick-borne encephalitis virus, Kyasanur						
Forest disease virus. Omsk Hemorrhagic Fever virus, Russian Spring and						
Summer encephalitis virus)	x		x		х	
Toxic Shock Syndrome		х		Х		х
Toxoplasmosis, acute (Toxoplasma gondii)		х		х		х
Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies		X		X		X
Trichinosis ( <i>Trichinella spiralis</i> ) Tuberculosis (see <i>Mycobacterium</i> ) ^		X X		X X		X
Tularemia (Francisella tularensis) *^	×	^	x	^	x	^
Typhus Fever, louse-borne ( <i>Rickettsia prowazekii</i> ) *^ and flea-borne/						
endemic murine (Rickettsia typhi)	x		x		x	
Varicella zoster primary infections (chicken pox)		х		х		х
Varicella zoster mortality (all ages)		Х		х		х

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	Labs- automated ELR		Labs reporting manually		Healthcare providers	
Condition	immediate	within 7 days	immediate	within 7 days	immediate	within 7 days
Venezuelan equine encephalitis *^	х		X		х	
Vibriosis (Vibrio spp., not V. cholera)		Х				
Viral hemorrhagic fever (including but not limited to Ebola virus,						
Marburg virus, Crimean-Congo Fever and Lassa fever virus) *^	x		x		x	
Yellow Fever	X		X		х	
Yersinia pestis infection *^	Х		х		х	
Yersiniosis (Yersinia spp., not Y. pestis)		Х		Х		Х
Zika virus infection		х		х		х

Potential agents of bioterrorism (Designated as select agents by CDC)

CRE/ CRPA/ CRAB Submission requirements for NPHL:

- Submit a fresh subculture (<18 hours) to avoid delay in testing
- Submit isolates of Enterobacterales and/or Pseudomonas aeruginosa and/or Acinetobacter baumanii that are non-susceptible (intermediate or resistant) to carbapenems as mentioned below:
  - Enterobacterales: Ertapenem MIC ≥ 1 µg/ml or meropenem MIC ≥ 2 µg/ml or imipenem MIC ≥ 2 µg/ml or non-susceptible by disc diffusion method (See rare exceptions below)
  - Pseudomonas aeruginosa: Meropenem or imipenem MIC ≥ 4 µg/ml, or non-susceptible by disc diffusion method and non-susceptible to both Cefepime and Ceftazidime at MIC ≥ 16 µg/ml
  - o Acinetobacter baumanii: Doripenem ≥ 4 μg/ml or Imipenem ≥ 4 μg/ml or Meropenem ≥ 4 μg/ml or non-susceptible by disc diffusion method
  - Submit all isolates of in-house or reference laboratory confirmed carbapenemase-producing Enterobacterales (CPE) or Pseudomonas aeruginosa (CRPA) or Acinetobacter baumanii (CRAB)
- Exceptions:
  - o DO NOT submit the following isolates
    - Proteus species, Providencia species, and Morganella morganii non-susceptible only to imipenem but susceptible to meropenem and ertapenem
    - Pseudomonas aeruginosa isolates that are mucoid or from cystic fibrosis patients

\*\*\* Candida auris may be misidentified using some phenotypic methods. Misidentification can lead to inappropriate patient treatment and delay appropriate infection control precautions. If these Candida spp are identified by the following systems, send isolates to NPHL to confirm.

Vitek 2 YST – Candida haemulonii or Candida duobushaemulonii
API 20C – Candida sake, Rhodotorula glutinis (characteristic red color not present)
API ID 32C – Candida intermedia, Candida sake, Saccharomyces kluyveri
BC Phoenix yeast identification system – Candida haemulonii, Candida catenulata
MicroScan – Candida famata, Candida guilliermondii, Candida lusitaniae, Candida parapsilosis
RapID Yeast Plus - Candida parapsilosis

 $\underline{\text{https://www.cdc.gov/fungal/candida-auris/pdf/Testing-algorithm\_by-Method\_508.pdf}}$ 

Immediate Notification for automated ELR Labs - Required to call by telephone to a live public health surveillance official within 24 hours of detection							
Immediate Notification for Labs reporting manually - Required to call by telephone to a live public health surveillance official within 24 hours of detection							
Laboratories must submit the isolate and/or specimen to the Nebraska Public Health Lab for epidemiology purposes							
Immediate Notification for Healthcare Providers - Required to call by telephone to a live public health surveillance official within 24 hours of detection							
^Laboratories must submit the isolate and/or specimen within 7 days to the Nebraska Public Health Lab as specified in Title 173 NAC 1-007.03							
± STD in accordance with Neb. Rev. Stat. § 71-502.01							

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